

# マイクロカラムを有するマイクロ流体チップを用いたウイルス核酸抽出



○新美京<sup>1</sup> 益田泰輔<sup>1</sup> 開発邦宏<sup>2</sup> 加藤修雄<sup>2</sup> 中村昇太<sup>3</sup> 中屋隆明<sup>4</sup> 新井史人<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>名古屋大学大学院工学研究科 <sup>2</sup>大阪大学産業科学研究所

<sup>3</sup>大阪大学微生物病研究所 <sup>4</sup>京都府立医科大学



NAGOYA UNIVERSITY

## ウイルスをワンチップで検出する！！

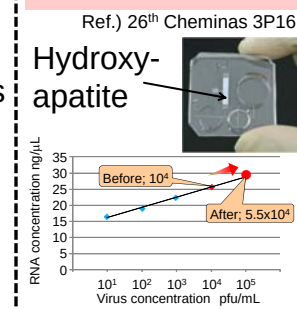
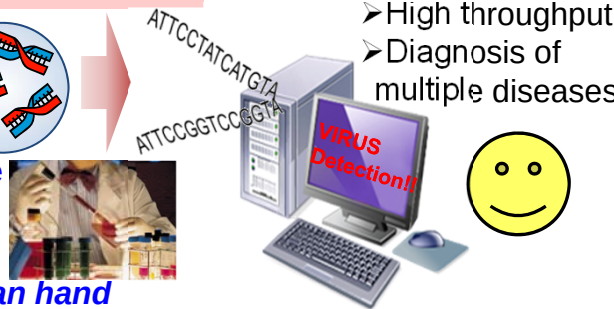
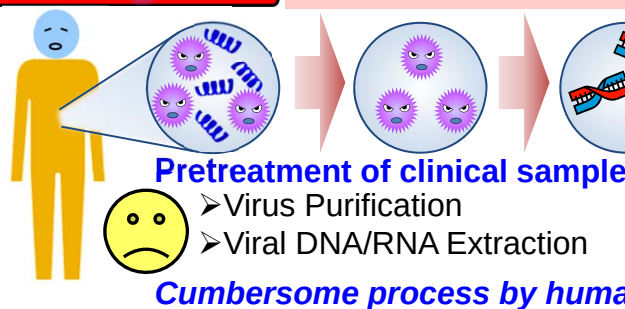
### 1. Background

Gene Analysis of Infectious Viruses

DNA Sequencer

Virus Purification

Ref.) 26<sup>th</sup> Cheminas 3P16



### 2. Concept

Microfluidic chip for Pretreatment of sample

1. Virus Purification

2. Viral RNA Extraction

3. Virus Detection

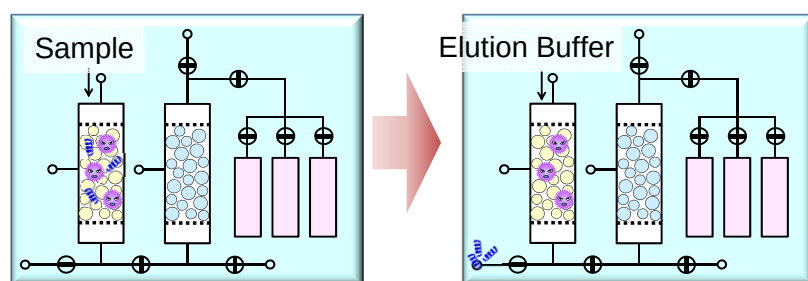
Hydroxyapatite

Silica

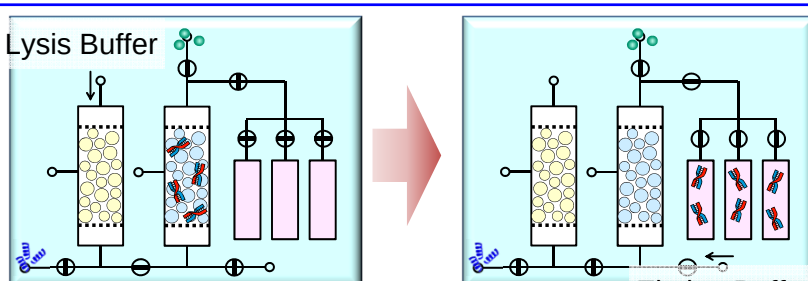
Micropillar

Micropillar

100 μm



1. Virus Purification by Hydroxyapatite-packed Microcolumn

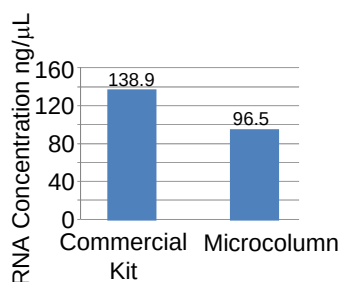


2. Viral RNA Extraction by Silica-packed Microcolumn

### 3. Result

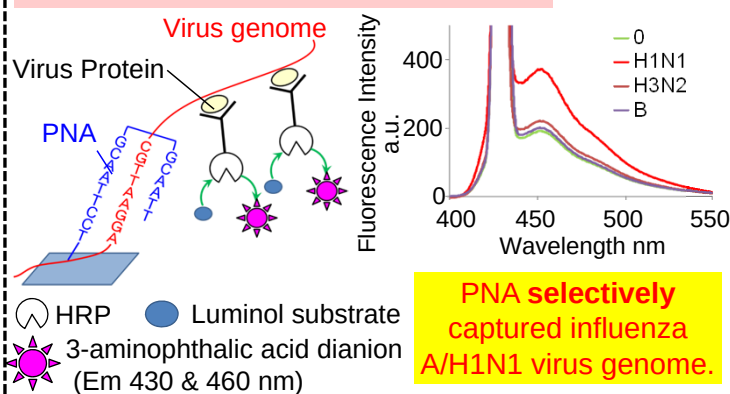
RNA Extraction by Silica-packed Microcolumn

1. Lyse the NDVs (Newcastle Disease Viruses).
2. Introduce the lysate into the microcolumn. The viral RNA is adsorbed onto the silica.
3. Introduce the elution buffer into the microcolumn to elute the viral RNA.



70 % of viral RNA was extracted by the microcolumn.

Viral RNA Detection by PNA



**PNA selectively captured influenza A/H1N1 virus genome.**

### 4. Conclusion

- All pretreatment processes for viral gene analysis can be completed **in one chip**.
- **In situ virus detection will be possible by anybody, anywhere and anytime.**